# **FALL 2009 CAMBRIDGE** Monday, November 2 **WOBURN** Monday, November 9 **HYANNIS** Thursday, November 12 **FOXBOROUGH** Tuesday, November 17 **WEST SPRINGFIELD** Tuesday, November 17 **IPSWICH** Thursday, November 19 **AUBURN** Monday, November 23 Monday, November 30 CAMBRIDGE Monday, November 30 WEYMOUTH Thursday, December 3

# Ready for Retirement

Presented by the MTRS Member Services, Benefits Administration and Communications and Training units

OVERVIEW

# Timely notes and important updates

# Part 1 Pre-retirement issues What you need to do and consider before you retire

# Part 2 The application process

A step-by-step walk-through of the process, so that you know what to do and to expect—and when

# Part 3 Other retirement issues

Other topics you need to be aware of as you approach retirement

Q&A

Thank you for attending today!

# **Main Office**

One Charles Park, Cambridge, MA 02142-1206 **Phone** 617-679-MTRS (6877) **Fax** 617-679-1661

# **Western Regional Office**

101 State Street, Suite 210, Springfield, MA 01103-2066 **Phone** 413-784-1711 **Fax** 413-784-1707

Online mass.gov/mtrs



# Timely notes and important updates



Timely notes and important updates

First and foremost-

# The economy, the MTRS plan and your benefits

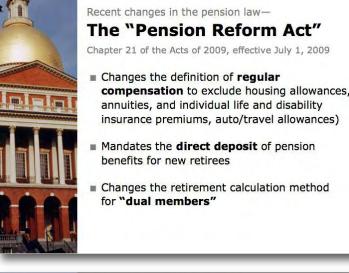
- Your retirement benefits are secure as a contractual obligation of the Commonwealth
- Your benefit is determined according to a set formula, and paid monthly for life
- Fluctuations in the financial markets do **not** affect the formula or the amount of your benefits; the pension fund is invested in a well diversified portfolio, with a focus on long-term returns

- The MTRS is a **defined benefit** plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Please visit our website for information on the pension fund's investment allocation and performance history.



Timely notes and important updates

Changes the definition of regular compensation to exclude housing allowances, annuities, and individual life and disability insurance premiums, auto/travel allowances)



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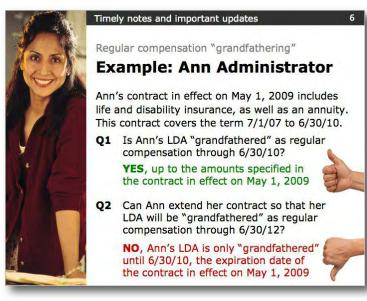
The Pension Reform Act

# "Regular compensation"

- Effective July 1, 2009, housing allowances, individual Life and Disability insurance premiums and Annuities ("LDAs") are no longer regular compensation
- LDA provisions that were in a contract in effect on May 1, 2009 will be "grandfathered" as regular compensation until the expiration of the term of that contract, or June 30, 2012, whichever occurs first
- Parties cannot extend the "grandfather" period by amending the term of the contract in effect on May 1, 2009 to go beyond its original expiration date

- **Dual members:** Regarding the calculation of retirement allowances for members of more than one Massachusetts public retirement system ("dual members"), the Act:
  - ☐ Eliminates the combination of two salaries into one retirement allowance
  - ☐ Provides for a separate retirement from each system, based on service and salary earned while in that system
  - ☐ Exempts members who do not have service in two systems, simultaneously, after 1/1/2010; and, members who have such service, but are vested in both systems as of that date
- Uncompensated or nominally-compensated **service**: The Act eliminated the purchase of credit for service in certain uncompensated or nominally-compensated (less than \$5,000/year) positions, even if that service was rendered before July 1, 2009. Please note:
  - ☐ Specifically, the positions for which service can no longer be purchased are: selectman, city councillor or alderman, school committee member, moderator and library trustee.
  - ☐ Service in these positions that was purchased prior to July 1, 2009 will count as creditable service.
  - □ Service rendered after July 1, 2009 and compensated with less than \$5,000/year will not qualify as creditable service.
- LDA provisions in contracts whose terms automatically roll over without any new agreement or action by any party may be grandfathered through June 30, 2012.

# Timely notes and important updates





■ Please see our website for links to these additional resources on pension reform:
 □ commonly asked questions and answers
 □ the full text of the Act
 □ PERAC's section-by-section description of the Act (issued on June 22, 2009)
 □ PERAC's frequently asked questions



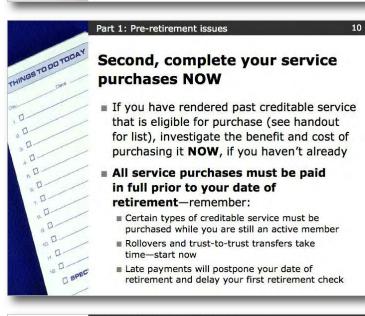
Part 1: Pre-retirement issues

# First, know the eligibility criteria

Two retirement plans under the MTRS, each with different eligibility criteria:

- "Regular"
  - Any age, with 20 years of creditable service, OR
  - Age 55 with 10 years of creditable service
- **RetirementPlus** 
  - Any age, with 30 years of creditable service, at least 20 years of which must be "teaching" service with the MTRS or Boston Retirement System

- If you are participating in RetirementPlus and, at the time of your retirement, you have 30 years of creditable service, at least 20 years of which are "teaching" service with the MTRS or the Boston Retirement System, you will be eligible to receive the RetirementPlus enhanced benefit.
- With the RetirementPlus enhanced benefit, you receive an additional 12% added to your allowable "percentage of salary average" upon reaching 30 years, with an additional 2% for each full year thereafter (e.g., with 31 years, you receive an additional 14%; with 32 years, 16%; with 33 years, 18%, etc.).



You may be eligible to purchase credit for:

- □ Out-of-state public school teaching
- ☐ Overseas Department of Defense dependent school teaching
- □ Non-public school teaching (out-of-state or in Massachusetts; restrictions apply)
- ☐ Massachusetts public school substitute, temporary or part-time teaching or tutoring
- ☐ Peace Corps service
- ☐ Massachusetts public service (a municipal department or state agency)
- ☐ Active military service (during your membership in a MA contributory retirement system or at any time)
- ☐ Vocational work experience service
- As you may know, you pay contributions only on earnings that count as "regular compensation." Likewise, when we determine your final salary average for your retirement benefit calculation, we count only your "regular compensation."
  - Temporary salary augmentations: Pursuant to Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC) regulation 840 CMR 15.03, regular compensation excludes extraordinary, ad hoc, nonrecurring salary enhancements, such as enhanced longevity buy-out provisions (ELBOs).

# earnings qualify as regular compensation... Included: Excluded:

Third, understand that not all



 Annual base salary per collective bargaining agreement or individual contract

Part 1: Pre-retirement issues

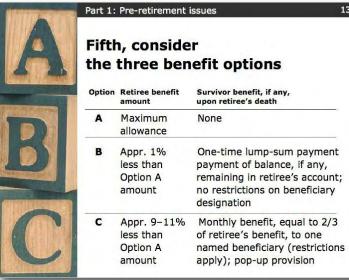
- Regular longevity\*
- Coaching

### Excluded:

- Amounts paid due to employer's knowledge of retirement
- Sick leave buy-back
- Hourly payments
- Temporary salary augmentations
- Fringe benefits\*\*
- \* Pursuant to 840 CMR 15.00, and subject to change
- \* Except as allowed for under the Pension Reform Act

# Part 1: Pre-retirement issues





- The salary average is the average of either your three highest consecutive years' salaries, or your last three years' salaries, whichever is greater.
- Veteran's benefit: If you are a military veteran as defined in M.G.L. c. 32 § 1, a veteran's benefit will be added to your Option A allowance. This benefit is equal to \$15 per year of creditable service, up to a maximum annual total of \$300. You will need to submit a copy of your military discharge (also known as Form DD214). If you are eligible to receive the maximum retirement allowance—80% of the average of your highest three consecutive years' salaries—by reason of your established creditable service and age, you will still receive your veteran's benefit on top of your maximum allowance.

# Option B

- There are no restrictions on who or how many individuals or entities may be named as beneficiary.
- In most cases, the annuity will be depleted in 9 to 11 years.

# Option C

- The beneficiary must be the member's parent, child, sibling, spouse or former spouse who has not remarried.
- If your Option C beneficiary predeceases you, your monthly benefit will "pop up" to the Option A benefit amount that you would have received on the date of your retirement, plus any cost-of-living adjustments.

# Part 1: Pre-retirement issues



Amesbury

Amherst-Pelham

Blackstone Valley

Regional

**Amherst** 

Andover

Billerica

Bourne

Barnstable

Regional

Part 1: Pre-retirement issues

# Sixth, plan for your health insurance coverage

Avoid surprises—

**Dennis** 

**Everett** 

Granby

Harvard

Holyoke

Hudson

Eastham

Gloucester

Regional

**Greater Lawrence** 

a year BEFORE your date of retirement...

- Contact your appropriate insurance coordinator...
  - if in Retired Municipal Teachers' (RMT) Program (see list): Group Insurance Commission
  - if **not** in RMT: Local insurance coordinator; also applies if district participating in "GIC Municipality Program"
- Find out if Medicare eligibility will impact your future insurance benefits; understand your options
- Understand survivor health insurance benefits do they exist?
- Make arrangements to pay premiums directly, if necessary, until your retirement payments begin

For information on your health insurance coverage options in retirement, if your district:

- Participates in the Retired Municipal Teachers' (RMT) Program (see list, below), contact the Group Insurance Commission at mass.gov/gic, or 617-727-2310.
- Is not listed as participating in the RMT Program, below, please contact your local insurance coordinator. (Note: Your city or town may participate in the "GIC Municipality Program." If so, you should still contact your local insurance coordinator as he or she will administer your coverage, which is provided through the GIC.)

For information regarding your Medicare eligibility, see www.medicare.gov/MedicareEligibility.

Wilbraham-Paxton

Woburn

For the

latest list,

always go to

mass.gov/gic,

or contact your

Spencer

Spencer-East

Brookfield

Upper Cape Cod

West Bridgewater

Regional

Regional

Wareham

Ware

Stoughton

# Districts participating in the Retired Municipal Teachers' (RMT) Program (as reported by GIC as of October 8, 2009)

Milton

Monson

Newbury

Narragansett

North Adams

Regional

North Andover

North Attleboro

North Middlesex

Regional

Bride Coh	gewater asset	Lawrence Martha's Vineyard Regional Medford	Norwell Orange Paxton Peabody	Salem Salisbury Shawsheen Valley Regional	Westfield West Springfield Whitman-Hanson Regional	local insurance coordinator
Obt	Bridgewater Martha's Vineyard Orange Salisbury West Springfield coordinator  Cohasset Regional Paxton Shawsheen Valley Whitman-Hanson					
	Your health plan Which health What are the	n options n plans will your district e differences in premium	make available to y	ou when you retire?	eure?	_
	Health plan			Premiums		
3)	If you qualify fo	r Medicare, what are th	e insurance plan op	otions provided by your scho	ool district to supplemer	nt Medicare?
4)	■ What will ha	ppen to your survivor's	coverage in the eve			

Pelham

Plainville

Rehoboth

Rockland

Rockport

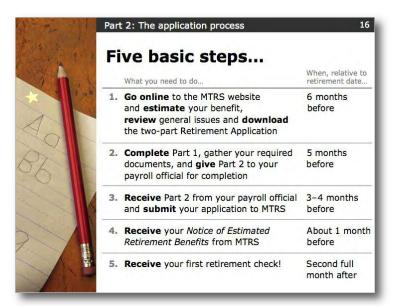
Rutland

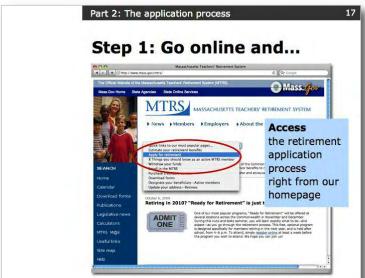
Revere

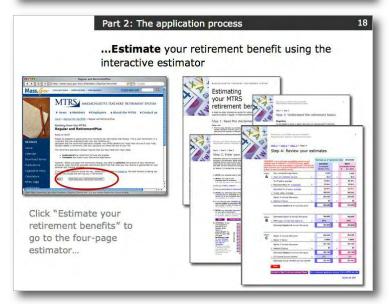
Pioneer Valley

Quabbin Regional

Regional





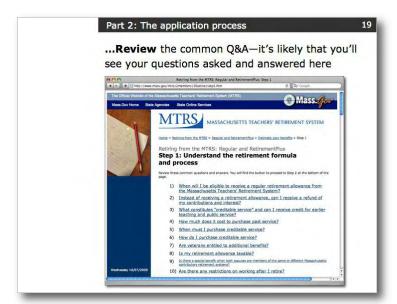


Go to www.mass.gov/mtrs, and in the "Quick links to popular pages" drop-down menu, select "Apply for retirement."

This will bring you to...

...the first page of the retirement application process.

Using the buttons at the bottom of the pages, follow the steps to **estimate** your retirement benefit...



...review our Frequently Asked Questions, and...



...download the Retirement Application.

**Note:** We recommend that you follow all of these steps to get to the page with instructions for downloading the application form, as this will ensure that you are aware of the various issues to consider and the details of the retirement process. Later, if you find that you need to print out another copy of the application, you can access it directly from our Downloadable forms page.

Step 2:
Complete the application

Retirement Retirement Returned Returne

Please note: If your salary changes **after** you submit your application to the MTRS, report these changes to the MTRS, including:

- retroactive contract settlements,
- stipends not previously reported on your retirement application, and
- unpaid leaves of absence or unpaid sick leave.



# Step 3: Submit the application

- Receive completed Part 2 from payroll official
- Attach ALL required documents
- Make a copy of everything for your records
- Submit BOTH Part 1 and Part 2 together to the MTRS (eastern MA, Cambridge office; western MA, Springfield office)
- MTRS will review your application and send you a letter to acknowledge it as received, and either complete or incomplete, with a request for the missing documentation

We advise you to file your retirement application three to four months before your retirement date. However, by law, you may file your application up to 60 days after your effective date of separation from service and still use the date of separation as your retirement date.



⚠ If you file your application more than 60 days after your date of separation from service, your retirement date—and your benefits—will NOT be retroactive to your resignation date. In this case, the earliest effective date of retirement you may use will be 15 days after the date we receive your signed application. For example, if you decide during summer vacation that you want to retire instead of returning to the classroom in the fall, you must file your completed application on or before August 29 to use June 30 as your retirement date and have your benefits be retroactive to June 30. If you file your application on August 30, your earliest retirement date would be September 14, and you would lose two and a half months' worth of retirement benefits (from July 1 through September 14).



If you are retiring on your **birthday**, use that exact day as your date of retirement, not the day after.

For information on choosing your retirement date, please see page 14.



Part 2: The application process

# Step 4: Receive your Notice of Estimated Benefits

- Applications processed on a "first-come, first-served" basis
- We may need to contact your school department for additional information; we will notify you if this causes a delay
- Please note: Calculations may take up to four months to complete
- Once your benefit calculation is complete, your Notice of Estimated Retirement Benefits letter will be sent to you

Your Notice of Estimated Benefits will include:

- the components of the retirement formula used to calculate your benefit amount, including your number of years of creditable service, your threeyear salary average and, if you selected Option C, information on your beneficiary;
- your monthly and annual retirement benefit amounts; and,
- if you selected:
  - □ Option B, your estimated annuity balance "spend-down" period (i.e., the estimated number of years after which your annuity balance will be zero and no benefit will be payable to your beneficiary upon your death).
  - □ Option C, the amount of your survivor benefit.



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# Step 5: Receive your first retirement payment!

- Regardless of when your first payment is issued, all payments are retroactive to your date of retirement
  - (provided you have filed your application before your date of retirement or within 60 days after your date of separation from service)
- Note that even though you must receive your payments via direct deposit, your first payment may be sent via US mail
  - (only when standard testing of the electronic funds transfer process with your bank cannot be completed before our monthly payment processing date)

- Retirement checks are issued at the end of each month and represent payment for the *previous* month. For example, the payment that you receive at the end of January is the payment for January.
- REMINDER: All service purchases must be paid for in full BEFORE your effective date of retirement. Late payments will delay your date of retirement—and your retirement benefits are retroactive only to your date of retirement!

# Part 2: The application process

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# A note about direct deposit...

(also known as Electronic Funds Transfer)



- Direct deposit of your retirement allowance is now mandatory
- Your monthly retirement allowance is transferred to your bank account on the last business day of each month
- You will only receive a monthly statement...
  - when there is a change to the amount of your retirement allowance
  - when the MTRS needs to notify all retirees of an announcement
  - every December (year-end summary)

- When you do get a direct deposit statement from us, please be sure to review the "message area" for news and updates!
- Even though you will receive your payments via direct deposit, it is vital that you keep your address current with us, to ensure that you continue to receive important mailings—such as your 1099–R tax form and Benefit Verification form—from us.

# Part 3: Other retirement issues

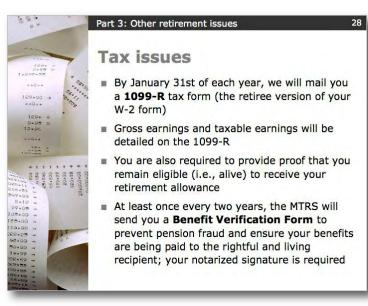
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# Tax issues

- Your retirement allowance is **not** subject to Massachusetts state income tax
- Your retirement allowance is federally taxable
- Many of you will have slightly reduced "taxable" earnings each year because of "post-tax" dollars in your annuity savings account at the time of your retirement
- If you intend to move out of state, check with the Department of Revenue in that state to determine if your retirement allowance is subject to state income tax

- As a reminder, your "after-tax" amount includes your contributions prior to 1988, plus any "after-tax" payments made to buy back prior service.
- For guidance on how other states treat your MTRS pension, see the Massachusetts
  Department of Revenue's site, at
  www.mass.gov.dor > Individuals and Families >
  Personal Income Tax > Current Year Tax
  Information > Guide to Personal Income Tax >
  Massachusetts Income.

# Part 3: Other retirement issues





Part 3: Other retirement issues

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# Post-retirement employment

There are no limits on the following:

- Employment in the private sector
- Employment in another state public or private
- Employment within the federal government
- Volunteering

- These limitations apply to post-retirement employment with a Massachusetts public employer. In other words, if you render service to a Massachusetts city, town, county or the Commonwealth, the limitations will apply.
- The work that you perform does not necessarily have to meet the requirements for membership in a Massachusetts contributory retirement system; these limitations apply if you work as a "leased employee" or if you receive *any* check issued by a public employer in Massachusetts, including work as a consultant.



Part 3: Other retirement issues

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# Post-retirement employment

General time and earnings limitations on re-employment in the **Massachusetts public sector...** 

- **Time:** Service cannot exceed **960 hours** in a calendar year
- Earnings: Post-retirement earnings cannot exceed the difference between the current salary of the position from which you retired, and the amount of your annual pension
- If returning to same employer from which you retired: Must be separated from service for 60 days before returning (waived if retiring at age 65 or at 80% maximum benefit)

■ If you are returning to work for a Massachusetts public employer—but not the same employer from which you retired—then the 60-day separation from service requirement does not apply.





## Part 3: Other retirement issues

# Post-retirement employment

Different rules in the event of an ESE-approved "critical shortage":

- RetirementPlus retirees must wait two years to be eligible
- School district must contact the ESE to obtain a one-year "waiver" for a specific position
- If above are met, the retiree may work without earnings limitation for the duration of the critical shortage "waiver"
- The earnings limitations on re-employment of retirees in the Massachusetts public schools may be eased if the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (ESE) determines there is a "critical shortage" in a particular position. The ESE has adopted regulation 603 CMR 7.03(b), allowing the Commissioner of Elementary and Secondary Education to deem that a district has a "critical shortage" upon the request of a superintendent and demonstration that the district has made a good-faith effort to hire nonretirees and has been unable to find them. The "critical shortage" application process is similar to that for requesting a waiver for certification.



Additional precautions...

Part 3: Other retirement issues

- Service rendered as a "consultant" or a "leased employee" to a MA public school or agency is subject to the service and earnings restrictions
- You may elect to waive or "freeze" your benefit if you are approaching your earnings or service limits
- If you exceed the allowable limits, the MTRS or your employer must recover all excess earnings from you

- Effective July 1, 2004, members of Massachusetts contributory retirement systems who retired under superannuation or termination retirement were allowed to reinstate as active members of the MTRS.
- In other words, retired members who agree to certain terms and conditions, can return to active membership in the MTRS and, in effect, "unretire." Under this provision, the retiree must pay back to the retirement system the total pension benefits received while retired, plus interest at the actuarial assumed rate of 4.125 percent. Additionally, the retiree must be employed in a full-time position subject to membership in the MTRS, for at least five full years from his or her reinstatement date, in order to accrue additional retirement benefits.
- Since this legislation was passed, only a very few MTRS retirees have reinstated.





Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Eligibility: MA public retirees are eligible for COLAs after one full fiscal year of retirement

Granted by Legislature: As part of the annual budget process, a COLA is subject to approval by vote of the MA Legislature

Amount: Currently, 3% or the CPI, whichever is less, on the first \$12,000 of your retirement allowance, for a maximum increase of \$360 per year

- For additional information, please visit www.socialsecurity.gov.
- While the reductions under Social Security's two "double-dipping" laws apply to retirees of Massachusetts public pension systems who also receive Social Security benefits, these reductions do not apply to the survivor beneficiaries of public retirees.

For example, Mary Educator retired under Option C and named her spouse, John, as her beneficiary. John is also retired and is receiving Social Security benefits based on his own employment earnings. Upon Mary's death, John will begin receiving Mary's MTRS Option C survivor benefits, and his Social Security benefits will not be reduced.

■ If you receive Social Security benefits in addition to your MTRS retirement allowance, and you are subject to either the WEP or GPO, you may be required to report cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) to your MTRS pension to the Social Security Administration. When you apply for Social Security benefits, please be sure to inquire as to when and how you should report your MTRS COLAs.

■ The Board continues to support an increase in the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) base while securing the purchasing power protection of our retired members, and establishing an employee pension contribution rate that is reflective of the retirement benefits earned by our members.

# Choosing your retirement date

Summer birthdays, mid-year retirements and other considerations

Your retirement date affects not only the amount of your benefits, but when they become payable and when you become eligible to receive your first cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). For some members, choosing a retirement date is a simple decision; for others, it is a difficult and emotional choice. To choose the retirement date that is best for you—financially and personally—make sure that you understand how the formula works and the financial considerations involved.

# Consider what these dates could mean for you...

### ■ June 30

The majority of MTRS members retire on June 30, the date on which most contracts for teachers come to an end. Additionally, by regulation, MTRS members retiring at the end of the school year **must** use June 30 as their retirement date even if the last day of school is earlier in the month. This rule exists so that teachers not only complete their contractual obligations, but also receive full service and salary credit for the year for their retirement calculations.

### ■ Your birthday\*

In July or August: If you're under age 65, it may be in your financial interest to retire on your birthday instead of June 30. On your birthday, your age factor will be higher, resulting in a greater retirement benefit for the rest of your life. Note, however, that you need to consider the amount of retirement benefits that you "give up" by postponing your retirement date until your birthday. Example: Joe Teacher will turn 61 on his birthday on August 2. If he retires on his birthday instead of June 30, he will "give up" the equivalent of one month and two days of retirement benefits that he would have received if he had retired on June 30. However, it is financially advantageous for Joe to wait until his birthday because he has determined that his retirement allowance will be sufficiently greater on that date—allowing him to recoup the retirement payments he "gave up" in a short period of time—and he will receive his increased benefit for the rest of his life.

**During the school year**: To receive the benefit of a higher age factor, you may want to retire on your birthday during the school year—or at the end of the month in which your birthday occurs. The MTRS calculates creditable service based on **full** years and **full** months of employment. Accordingly, if your birthday is October 17, it would most likely be in your financial interest to work until the end of October and use October 31 as your retirement date; by using October 31, you will receive service credit for the full month.

# Any date during the school year

If circumstances arise that cause you to decide to retire during the school year, please keep in mind that the MTRS calculates creditable service based on **full** years and **full** months of employment. Accordingly, it would most likely be in your financial interest to work until the end of a particular month, if possible, so that you receive service credit for the full month. Reminder: If you are on fully paid sick leave, you are accruing full service and salary credit toward retirement.

# After your separation from service

Within 60 days of your separation from service: Your retirement date may be retroactive to your date of separation from service up to 60 days if you file your retirement application—along with a copy of your school district's written acceptance of your retroactive retirement date—within 60 days of your separation from service.

More than 60 days after your separation from service: If you file your retirement application more than 60 days after your separation from service, your date of retirement cannot be retroactive—it may be no earlier than 15 days from the date that we receive your application. Example: Mary Educator resigns her teaching position on June 30, 2010 to explore another career. On February 1, 2011 she decides to retire from the MTRS. Her earliest retirement date is February 16, 2011.

# ...and understand what your date of retirement means regarding COLAs...

# Reminder—

While annual COLAs have been granted in recent years, COLAs are subject to legislative approval every year, and are not guaranteed.

Eligibility for first COLA: You must be retired for a full fiscal year in order to receive your first cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and fiscal years run from July 1 to June 30. Accordingly, if you retire on June 30, 2010, you will be eligible to receive your first COLA on July 1, 2011; if you retire just one month later, on July 30, 2010, you must wait until July 1, 2012—nearly two calendar years—to receive a COLA.

COLAs are cumulative: If they are granted, COLAs are added to your gross retirement allowance. For example, if your annual retirement allowance is \$40,000 and the COLA is \$360, your gross allowance becomes \$40,360. With the next year's COLA, your allowance increases to \$40,720; the following year it is \$41,400, and so on. In other words, that first \$360 "stays" in your allowance over the years. So if you retire on July 30 instead of June 30, you will not only "miss" that first COLA of \$360 in your first year of retirement, but every year thereafter. Over the course of 20 years, that could result in \$7,200 in "missed" COLAs; while this may not make enough of a difference for you to change your choice of retirement date, you should be aware of the effect this might have on your benefits.

# Remember—we are here to help...

If you need more information about choosing your retirement date, our Member Services representatives in both offices are happy to assist you!

<sup>\*</sup>Using a later birthday as a retirement date will **not** result in an increase in:

<sup>■</sup> the age factor used in the calculation of your retirement allowance if you are already at age 65 (the age factor does not increase after age 65); or,

your allowable percentage of salary average, if, based on the current combination of your age and years of creditable service, you have already reached the maximum allowance of 80% of your three-year salary average.

# So...ready for retirement?

After you retire, we will still be here to serve you—and we look forward to continuing our relationship with you for many years. Please know that, throughout your retirement, we will continue to have responsibilities to each other.

During your retirement, YOU need to:

- **CONTACT** the MTRS if you...
  - change your name, address or Social Security number
  - lose your retirement check
  - become **re-employed** by a Massachusetts public employer and exceed the time and earnings limitations
  - become divorced, and your retirement allowance is divided
  - want to change your withholding for federal taxes, retiree beneficiary designation (Option B only), or payment method (mailed check or direct deposit)
  - want to participate in the governance of the MTRS as an elected Board member
  - if you are receiving an ordinary or accidental disability retirement benefit, begin to receive Workers' Compensation benefits, or have a change in your Workers' Compensation benefits
- **COMPLETE** and **RETURN** your Benefit Verification form when we mail it to you, to confirm that you are still eligible to receive your benefit payment
- ADVISE your survivors to contact us in the event of your death

During your retirement, WE will:

- pay you a monthly retirement allowance;
- **forward** your health insurance payment, if applicable;
- pursuant to your instructions, withhold federal income tax from your benefit payment;
- in January of every year, **send** you a 1099–R tax form; and,
- **pay** a benefit to your survivor, if applicable.

Again, thank you for taking an active interest in preparing for your retirement by attending our program today. We hope that it has been informative and helpful in making you ready for retirement!

# Your retirement process timeline and checklist

To fill in the dates, start with "Your date of retirement" and work backward

As you will see on the application, you are asked to list all of your creditable service and provide your "best estimate" of your total number of years.

Please note that it is NOT necessary for you to request a "creditable service estimate" from the MTRS in order to complete your application. When we process your application, we will determine your exact amount of creditable service and notify you of the total before your benefit is finalized.

When (in relation to your date of retirement)		Action	Your date	:S		
One year before		CONTACT your local health insurance coordinator to confirm the health insurance coverage for which you will qualify as a retiree. If you cover a spouse or other dependent, be sure to ask about dependent coverage while you are retired and in the event of your death.	/ /			
7–8 months before		GO to our website at mass.gov/mtrs, and select Members > Active members > Creditable service. Review all of the types of service listed and apply to purchase any that apply to you and for which you have not yet established credit.	/ /			
6 months before		<b>GO</b> to our website at mass.gov/mtrs, and, in the "Quick links to our most popular pages" menu, select "Apply for retirement." Follow the steps to estimate your benefits, review FAQ and download and print your retirement application.	/ /			
4–5 months before		Complete Part 1 of the application and forward Part 2 to your payroll officer for completion.	/ /			
		ANOTE: If you do not submit the required documents with your application, your application will not be processed.  □ Copy of marriage certificate (if you no longer use your maiden name or if you are selecting Option C and naming your spouse as beneficiary)  □ Certified copy of your birth record  □ Copy of your military discharge form DD214 (if you are a veteran)  □ Copy of your notice of termination (if you are filing for a termination retirement allowance OR are retiring on a day other than the last day in your contract year)  □ Copies of your contracts/salary schedules for your 3-year salary average period, including any pages referencing contractual language to substantiate any earnings in excess of your regular contract rates  □ A VOIDed check (if you are having your benefit deposited directly to a checking account)  □ Completed Option B beneficiary designation (if you are selecting Option B)  □ Certified copy of your beneficiary's birth record (if you are selecting Option C)  □ Copy of your qualified Domestic Relations Order (if you are divorced and have such an order in effect)  We will return original documents to you.				
3–4 months before		Receive signed Part 2 from your payroll officer.	/ /			
		Make a copy of your application and attachments.				
		Submit application and ALL attachments to MTRS.				
		We will acknowledge receipt of your application in writing.  Make payment for any pending creditable service pu	ırchases.			
About one month before gyour first pension check		Receive Notice of Estimated Retirement Benefit (NERB) and first payment information from MTRS.	/ /			
Your date of retireme	nt		/ /			
Second full month after		Receive first retirement allowance payment from the MTRS.	/ /			